Music Progression of Skills

| Music Skills | NC | Year 1 | Year 2 | NC | Year 3 | Year 4 |
|--------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Singing | Use their | Explore making | Sing in tune within | Sing and play | Understand and respond | Demonstrate awareness of the |
| | voices | different sounds | a limited pitch | musically with | to visual cues for starting | need for good posture and diction |
| | expressively | with the voice. | range up to an | increasing | and stopping. Maintain a | whilst singing in order to |
| | and | Sing and chant | octave. Develop an | confidence and | second part in a vocal | maintain a pleasing sound. Sing |
| | creatively | songs and rhymes | awareness of | control. Play and | piece (e.g. partner songs | with an awareness of how the |
| | by singing | in unison. Begin to | diction when | perform in solo | and rounds) and an | interrelated dimensions of music |
| | songs and | sing in tune using | singing. Sing/chant | and ensemble | ostinato. Sing | affect the performance and its |
| | speaking | melodies that move | in unison and with | contexts, using | rhythmically and | impact on the audience. |
| | chants and | mainly by step and | a simple second | their voices with | expressively using a | Understand and respond to visual |
| | rhymes. | include small | part. As part of a | increasing | limited range of notes of | cues for starting and stopping, |
| | | intervals. Recognise | group, maintain an | accuracy, fluency, | approximately an octave | sustaining sounds, ending words |
| | | visual signs for | ostinato/drone with | control and | with increased control. | with clear consonant sounds |
| | | start, stop, mime | the voice. Recognise | expression. | | and/or fading away. Maintain a |
| | | actions, sing in | visual signs for | | | third part in a vocal piece |
| | | your head. | start, stop, mime | | | showing an understanding of |
| | | | actions, sing in your head. | | | texture (e.g. partner songs, rounds and simple part harmony). |
| | | | gour riedu. | | | Continue to sing rhythmically and |
| | | | | | | expressively using a range of |
| | | | | | | approximately an octave with |
| | | | | | | increased control. |
| Playing and | Play tuned | Explore making | Perform a simple | Play and perform | Play a simple melody | Play with an awareness of how |
| performing | and un- | different sounds | melody using voice | in solo and | with technical control of | the interrelated dimensions of |
| , , , | tuned | with the | and/or instruments. | ensemble | the instrument/voice to | music affect the performance and |
| | instruments | instruments. Show | Perform with a | contexts, using | create a pleasing sound. | its impact on the audience. |
| | musically | an understanding | strong sense of | their voices and | Perform, demonstrating | Perform using conventional |
| | | of pulse. Start and | pulse. Start to | playing musical | changes in dynamics, | rhythmic/melodic notation and/or |
| | | stop at the | understand the | instruments with | pitch, tempo and | from graphic notation including |
| | | appropriate time. | difference between | increasing | articulation. Demonstrate | crotchet, quaver, minim, |
| | | Follow a leader | pulse and rhythm. | accuracy, fluency, | the difference between | semibreve, semiquaver. |
| | | when performing | Perform, | control and | pulse and rhythm. Clap or | Understand and respond to visual |
| | | as a group. | demonstrating use | expression | tap a pulse whilst | cues for starting and stopping, |
| | | | of dynamics, pitch | | speaking/playing/improvi | sustaining sounds, ending words |
| | | | and tempo. Play | | sing a rhythm/song. | with clear consonant sounds |

| | | | simple rhythms. As part of a group, maintain an ostinato/drone with the voice or on instruments. Perform and interpret a piece using simple notation. | | Understand and respond to visual cues for starting and stopping. Can direct others to start and stop using gestures. | and/or fading away. Maintain a third part on an instrumental piece showing an understanding of texture (e.g. partner songs, rounds and simple part harmony). |
|---------------------------|--|---|--|---|---|---|
| Composing and Improvising | Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter related dimensions of music | Say words/rhymes and clap/play to create simple rhythmic patterns. Improvise a rhythm/sound over a given number of beats. Add sound effects to a story. Make a piece of music to illustrate a character or mood. Respond to music through movement. Understand simple graphic notation – one sign for a sound or group of sounds. | Use simple pitch and rhythm patterns to develop a structure for a short piece. Improvise a rhythm/sound over a given number of beats. Begin to recognise how music will fit a topic/theme. Experiment with different timbres to create effects. Recognise and begin to use contrasts in dynamics, tempo or pitch in a simple composition. Respond to music through movement. | Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory Use and understand staff and other musical notations | Make four-bar rhythms in groups, pairs or individually. Improvise with increasing confidence. (e.g. using 2 – 3 notes). Contribute to a group composition which has a definite start, performance and finish and playing own part. Choose instruments and playing techniques to accurately depict story, mood or character showing an awareness of timbre. Adds pitch names to rhythmic notation to make melodies. Understand how changes in pitch can be shown on a graphic score. Understand graphic scores and how more than one | Construct a piece with a simple structure (e.g. Binary or Ternary). Improvise with increasing confidence (e.g. using 2 – 3 notes). Can add own words to an existing tune to make a new song. Makes soundscapes/descriptive/atmospheric pieces with narrative/through-composed structures. Add pitch names to rhythmic notation to make more complex melodies Begin to show an awareness of how changes in pitch can be shown on a stave. Work independently within a group composition showing thought in selection of instruments and playing techniques and understanding the effect of timbre and texture, including adding a drone. |
| | | | Notate a composition using simple graphic | | sound can play at a time to create texture. Start to understand simple | |

| Aural awareness | Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high quality live and recorded music | Listen to and experiment with vocal and instrumental sounds. Copy back simple rhythmic patterns and melodies. Recognise duration as being long or short. Recognise pitch as high or low. Recognise different | notation. Understand that music can be notated in different ways. Begin to recognise the sounds of different instruments (timbre) with an understanding of how sounds are produced. Sing and recognise simple melodic shapes and patterns. Take a lead in activities that involve imitation or call | Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory. | rhythmic notation including crotchet, quaver, minim, semibreve. Recognise and describe how sounds are made on different instruments. Sing and recognise short melodic shapes and rhythmic patterns from memory. Continue to develop an awareness of pulse, duration, pitch, tempo, dynamics and articulations in all activities. Recognise different metres (e.g. 3 time and 4 time). | Recognise and describe how sounds are made and changed on different instruments and how this groups them into different instrumental families. Memorise rhythmic and melodic phrases and match to conventional/graphic pitch notation. Continue to develop an awareness of the interrelated dimensions of music, pulse and articulations. Recognise simple structures in the music that is being performed or listened to (e.g. phrases, Binary, Ternary, |
|--------------------------------|--|--|---|--|--|---|
| Listening and appraising | Listen with concentration and understanding to a | articulations e.g. smooth and detached. Feel if the tempo is fast or slow by responding to the pulse. Recognise differences in dynamics as loud or soft. Comment on own performances and compositions. Describe music and sounds in simple | and response. Continue to develop an awareness of pulse, duration, pitch, tempo, dynamics and articulations in all activities. Talk about own and peers' work and make simple suggestions for improvement. Begin | Appreciate and understand a wide range of high quality live and recorded | Make constructive comments on own and others' music to develop compositions and performances. Make | Verse Chorus). Recognise different metres (e.g. 2, 3 or 4 time) Make constructive comments on own and others' music to develop compositions and performances discussing some of the interrelated dimensions of music. Make |
| | range of | terms. Talk about | to recognise how | music drawn from | simple connections and | simple connections and |

Music Progression of Skills

| high quality | how the music | other composers use | different traditions | comparisons with music | comparisons with music being |
|--------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| live and | makes them feel | changes in | and from great | being listened to and own | listened to and own compositions |
| recorded | and why. | dynamics, pitch | composers and | compositions and | and performances. Identify how |
| music | _ | and tempo for | musicians. | performances. Begin to | composers use the inter related |
| | | effect. | Develop an | recognise how composers | dimensions of music to create |
| | | | understanding of | use the inter related | effects and mood. Ask questions |
| | | | the history of | dimensions of music to | about music in other cultures and |
| | | | music | create effects and mood. | traditions. |